# Opioid Overdoses: What To Do ......

**Opioids** — like fentanyl, morphine, oxycodone, and hydromorphone — are medications that can help relieve pain. However, opioids are also available illegally. **Illegal opioids are any opioids that are made, shared or sold illegally.** 

#### How can opioids cause an overdose?

Opioids **affect how your brain controls your breathing**. If you take more opioids than your body can handle, you will start to show signs and symptoms of an overdose, such as:



Slow, weak or no breathing



Blue lips or nails



Dizziness and confusion



Can't be woken up



Choking, gurgling or snoring sounds



Drowsiness or difficulty staying awake

#### Protect yourself from an overdose

If you use illegal opioids:

- don't mix them with alcohol, or other drugs
- · don't use alone stick with a friend
- know the signs of an opioid overdose
- carry a naloxone kit

## If you witness an overdose, stay and help

Witnessing an overdose can be scary, as a person's breathing becomes weaker, shallower, or even stops completely. **Overdoses are a medical emergency.**Staying at the scene to help can save someone's life. **If you've taken drugs, or have some on you,** you are **protected from simple drug possession charges** by the **Good Samaritan Drug Overdose Act**. This law applies to the person who seeks help and anyone else at the scene when help arrives.



### Overdoses can happen if you take:

- an opioid **not prescribed** for you
- more opioids than prescribed for you, such as a higher dose
- an opioid with alcohol or other drugs (e.g., anxiety medication, muscle relaxants, or sleeping pills)
- an opioid that has been tampered with (e.g., broken or crushed)
- illegally produced or obtained opioids

If you have stopped taking opioids for a while and start taking them again, you can be at risk of an overdose because your body is not used to the drug anymore.

## If you suspect an opioid overdose, you should:

- Call 9-1-1 (or your local emergency help line) and stay at the scene
- Give naloxone, if you have it
- Know that the Good Samaritan Drug
  Overdose Act protects you from simple
  drug possession charges



